

* Here is the fast way to "integrate by parts".

$$\int x^2 e^{2x} dx$$

Tabulate, differentiate the left and integrate the right...

x^2	\rightarrow	$\frac{1}{2} e^{2x}$	$+$
$2x$	\rightarrow	$\frac{1}{4} e^{2x}$	$-$
2	\rightarrow	$\frac{1}{8} e^{2x}$	$+$
0	\rightarrow	$\frac{1}{8} e^{2x}$	$+$

Multiply factors and add/subtract terms.

$$\int x^2 e^{2x} dx = \frac{1}{2} x^2 e^{2x} - \frac{1}{2} x e^{2x} + \frac{1}{4} e^{2x} + C$$

* By the traditional method, $u = x^2$ $du = 2x dx$
 $dv = e^{2x} dx$ $v = \frac{1}{2} e^{2x}$

$$\begin{aligned} \int u dv &= uv - \int v du \\ &= \frac{1}{2} x^2 e^{2x} - \int (2x dx) \frac{1}{2} e^{2x} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} x^2 e^{2x} - \left(\int x e^{2x} dx \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} u &= x & dv &= e^{2x} dx \\ du &= dx & v &= \frac{1}{2} e^{2x} \end{aligned}$$

$$\left(\int u dv = uv - \int v du \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{1}{2} x^2 e^{2x} - \left(\frac{1}{2} x e^{2x} - \int \frac{1}{2} e^{2x} dx \right) + C \\ &= \frac{1}{2} x^2 e^{2x} - \frac{1}{2} x e^{2x} + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} e^{2x} \right) + C \\ &= \frac{1}{2} x^2 e^{2x} - \frac{1}{2} x e^{2x} + \frac{1}{4} e^{2x} + C \end{aligned}$$

* TAKE YOUR PICK. - WF